



## ROLE OF LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES IN THE TEACHING OF CRIMINAL LAW

**Zafarjon Yigtalievich Khamraqulov**

Associate Professor, Doctor of Philosophy (PhD), Kokand State Pedagogical Institute,

**Siddiqov Nabijan**

Senior lecturer, candidate of Legal Sciences, Kokand State Pedagogical Institute, Gmail:

**Otajonov Gayratjon Umarovich**

Senior lecturer, Kokand State Pedagogical Institute

**Annotation.** Criminal law, which is part of the system of Legal Sciences, serves to develop professional competence of future educators. Cooperation with law enforcement agencies further increases the importance of Criminal Law Science. Provides an opportunity for the rise of professional competence of students. The article researched these cases. There are also recommended issues in organizing meetings with law enforcement agencies.

**Keywords:** law enforcement agencies, criminal law, pedagogical education, legal consciousness, legal culture, crime, crime

**INTRODUCTION.** Law enforcement agencies in the Republic of Uzbekistan have their place in the state management system. They operate within the powers established by law. By performing their functions, they fill each other's place in the protection of human rights and freedoms and legitimate interests. The functioning of law enforcement agencies ensures stability in the relations of the state, society and the individual. Thanks to the presence of working people in this system, our citizens live calmly from tomorrow. Employees serving in the field, not limited to law enforcement, also contribute to the rise in the level of legal culture of the population. The influence of law enforcement agencies on the teaching of classes on the subject of "Criminal Law" benihoya is great. Each of these bodies works in its direction with certain norms of criminal law. In order to better understand the importance of law enforcement agencies in pedagogical education, it is necessary to analyze their function, powers and place in the system of state power. Each of these bodies works in its direction with certain norms of criminal law. Therefore, it is advisable to analyze the place of law enforcement agencies in the teaching of the subject of criminal law in pedagogical education.

**REFERENCES AND METHODOLOGY.** In the scientific literature, there are many studies on law enforcement agencies and their functions. M. In this area. H. Rustamboev, M. Makhbubov, M. Usmanaliev, K. R. Abdurasulova, M. A. Akhmedshaeva, O. M. Mamadaliev, U. A. Tukhtasheva, A. D. Davletov, A. T. The scientific research of Allamuratov and other scientists is noteworthy. In them, the powers of these bodies within the framework of the law, the rights and obligations of the employees of the body were studied in detail and conclusions

were drawn by scientists.

Sometimes, within the opinions expressed, broader approaches are also found in the matter of the organs in question. In particular, some scientists include in the system of law enforcement bodies all Ministries, State departments and committees, executive bodies. The powers of these bodies in the protection of human rights and freedoms are cited as the basis of their opinion. Article 2 of the Republic of Uzbekistan establishes the following norm: “the state, expressing the will of the people, serves its interests. Public bodies and officials are in charge of society and citizens” [1]. The norm provided for by the Constitution requires all state bodies to fulfill the function of law enforcement, to operate with the vision of the well-being of Man and society.

Taking into account the fact that the establishment of cooperation with law enforcement agencies in the teaching of the subject of criminal law gives positive results in raising the legal consciousness and legal culture of students, the article used such methods as comparative analysis, logic, question and answer, systematicity.

### THE RESULT

Improving the system of raising legal consciousness and legal culture in society is considered of social importance for educational organizations. In the performance of such a task, it will have a good effect to establish cooperation with law enforcement agencies. It is also prominent in the teaching of legal subjects in education.

In the training of criminal law, in cooperation with law enforcement agencies, it is envisaged to achieve the following goals:

1. Strengthening the educational significance of this discipline by instilling information on the practice of subjects of criminal law with the help of contacts with law enforcement officers in students;
2. Achieving the theoretical knowledge of criminal law practice and the necessary knowledge and experience of students in Criminal Procedure practice by teaching professors and teachers of criminal law;
3. To have in-depth knowledge of the features of interaction of criminal law with other disciplines;
4. Ensuring that the activities in the spiritual and educational work plan aimed at developing the legal consciousness and legal culture of students are held at a high level;
5. To raise the level of professional competence in the study of Criminal Law of students, to draw serious attention to the issues of criminal law practice in order to develop creativity skills and intellectual potential (this involves promoting the preparation of presentations by students in the form of slides, video rollers, multimedia aimed at criminal law and practice, developing skills of independent work);
6. Directing students to prepare independent cases, articles and short messages on criminal incidents and other offenses by establishing cooperation with law enforcement agencies;
7. Focusing students ' attention on researching the teaching of Criminal Law, new pedagogical technologies in education, coursework on innovative methods and writing graduate qualification works;
8. The widespread use of ideas and instructive aspects that shape the skills to combat corruption and crime in elevating students ' legal consciousness and legal culture by establishing cooperative relationships with law enforcement agencies;

9. Organization of the study of procedures for working with documents on criminal procedure related to inquiry, investigation, court proceedings, execution of punishment in raising the legal consciousness and legal culture of students;

10. Establishing the study of philosophical and pedagogical aspects of the science of criminal law, effective ways and means of its organization with the help of cooperation with law enforcement agencies.

Special competent bodies engaged in law enforcement activities have a special place in the structure of the state mechanism. About them, the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan says: “public organizations and citizens can provide assistance to law enforcement agencies in the protection of Law and legal order, Rights and freedoms of citizens” [2]. These are the peculiarities of the norm established in the Constitution, to which we can include:

- law enforcement activities will focus on protecting the interests of the state, society and the individual from illegal encroachments;
- law enforcement agencies have the authority to apply State coercive measures and punitive methods;
- the application and punishment of coercion measures shall be entrusted to officials of law enforcement agencies;
- law enforcement activities are carried out only in the manner prescribed by law;
- bodies engaged in law enforcement activities act on behalf of the state.

Each of the law enforcement agencies, which has its place in the system of state bodies, fills each other's place with special powers established by laws and under-laws.

#### **DISCUSSION**

Integrative approaches to education focus on ensuring the harmony of theory and practice. The establishment of cooperation with law enforcement agencies in the teaching of the subject” criminal law " is suitable for this. This cooperation provides positive results in improving the legal knowledge of students. Criminal law is considered to have great potential in the development of professional competence of students in pedagogical education with the help of innovative technologies.

The axiological, anthropocentric, competency, integrative, acmeological and other approaches of modern education promote the establishment of cooperation with law enforcement agencies in the teaching of the subject of “Criminal Law”. On the basis of cooperation, it is envisaged to achieve the following goals:

- strengthening the educational significance of this discipline by instilling in students information on the practice of subjects of the subject “Criminal Law” with the help of contacts with employees of law enforcement agencies;
- To achieve the theoretical knowledge of criminal law practice and the necessary knowledge and experience of students in Criminal Procedure practice by teaching professors on the subject of” criminal law”;
- To have in-depth knowledge of the features of interaction of the science of” criminal law " with other disciplines;
- ensuring the high level of activities in the spiritual and educational work plan aimed at developing the legal consciousness and culture of students in the direction of national idea, fundamentals of spirituality and law education;
- to raise the level of professional competence in the study of the subject of “Criminal Law” of

students, to seriously focus on the issues of criminal law practice in order to develop creativity skills and intellectual potential (in this it is envisaged to stimulate the preparation of presentations in the form of slides, video rollers, multimedia directed by students to criminal law and;

- directing students to prepare independent cases, articles and short messages on criminal incidents and other violations by establishing mutual cooperation with law enforcement agencies;

- focusing students' attention on writing coursework and graduate qualification works on new pedagogical technologies in education, innovative methods, aimed at researching the teaching of the subject" Criminal Law;

- the widespread use of ideas and instructive aspects that shape the skills of fighting corruption and crime in raising the legal consciousness and culture of students by establishing interoperability with law enforcement agencies;

- Organization of study of procedures for working with documents on criminal procedure related to inquiry, investigation, court proceedings, execution of punishment in raising the legal consciousness and culture of students;

- to establish the study of the philosophical and pedagogical aspects of the science of "Criminal Law", the Effective Ways and means of its organization with the help of establishing cooperation with law enforcement agencies.

Each of the countries of the world has its own national legal system, the national-state, administrative-territorial structure, political management procedures of which differ to some extent from others. These differences also apply to law enforcement agencies. Diversity at the level of legal culture of citizens also affects the powers, rights and obligations of law enforcement agencies.

Studies with students have confirmed the existence of a mood of intolerance towards their crime and offenses. The height of passion for assisting law enforcement agencies in the fight against crime and corruption was visible. This process was determined from our surveys before and after the organization of meetings with employees of law enforcement agencies. To take advantage of this opportunity, the establishment of cooperation with law enforcement agencies in the study of the subject of "Criminal Law" leads to qualitative changes.

There are also relatively narrower approaches to law enforcement in the legal literature, with a large proportion of legal scholars supporting this approach. In their opinion, special competent bodies engaged in law enforcement activities are also present in the structure of the state mechanism. About them in the second part of Article 146 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan says: "public organizations and citizens can provide assistance to law enforcement agencies in the protection of lawfulness and legal order, Rights and freedoms of citizens" [3]. This norm established by the Constitution provides for the need for a special approach to the issue of law enforcement agencies. In their properties we can include:

- law enforcement activities will focus on protecting the interests of the state, society and the individual from illegal encroachments;

- law enforcement agencies will have the authority to apply State coercive measures and punitive methods;

- the application and punishment of coercion measures shall be entrusted to officials of law enforcement agencies;

- law enforcement activities are carried out only in the manner prescribed by law;
- bodies engaged in law enforcement activities act on behalf of the state.

In the system of state bodies, each of the law enforcement agencies has its own place, which, with special powers established by laws and legislative acts, fills each other's place.

In the countries of the world, law enforcement agencies will consist of different structures. In the Russian Federation, six state bodies are included in law enforcement agencies: the federal Security Service, the prosecutor's office, customs authorities, the Investigative Committee, the internal affairs bodies and the justice authorities. The system of law enforcement agencies of the Ukrainian state is marked by the entry of 15 state bodies. According to Article 3 of qrq-380-IV law in Kazakhstan, this number is four[4]. A similar situation can be observed in other countries.

Law enforcement agencies in the Republic of Uzbekistan have their own system. Unlike foreign countries, the court is not included in the system of law enforcement agencies of Uzbekistan. M.H.Rustamboev, U.A.The tukhtasheva explained the judicial authorities as a reason for not being included in the system of law enforcement bodies by the fact that it is a separate branch of state power, as well as the content of its activities consists in the implementation of Justice. In many literature, legal scholars have included prosecutors, internal affairs bodies, inquiry and preliminary investigation bodies, and justice bodies among the law enforcement agencies[5].

Lawyer scientist Otabek Toshev included the following in the law enforcement agencies of the Republic of Uzbekistan: Prosecutor's office, justice authorities, internal affairs bodies, state customs service bodies, state security service bodies, National Guard, Department for combating economic crimes under the prosecutor general's office and the Bureau of mandatory enforcement under the prosecutor general's Office[6]. These opinions of the scientist help us to form clear views about the law enforcement agencies. About law enforcement agencies, another better option is not suitable.

Modern approaches to education confirm that the elevation of legal culture in society is a continuous continuing task. This process does not lose its relevance with its features, which continue regularly, always occupy an important place in the priorities of state policy. Continuing the work of raising the legal consciousness and culture of the population, state bodies, along with public organizations, also assign responsible tasks to educational institutions.

In Uzbekistan, there are strategic plans in the field of raising the legal consciousness and culture of youth. In the educational system, it is required to develop effective measures for their implementation. The development of Advanced Science, Science and technology is encouraging the use of innovative technologies in new approaches and education.

The correct Organization of cooperation with law enforcement agencies provides the basis for the systematic strengthening of the acquired knowledge and qualifications of students of pedagogical education.

## CONCLUSION

Modern approaches to education require the implementation of planned actions on the basis of a specific goal. In addition to involving contacts with law enforcement agencies only in the process of taking lessons in the subject of “criminal law”, it will be necessary to attach importance to this in establishing the regularity of contacts with these bodies.

After meetings with employees of law enforcement agencies, the inclusion of materials related to the topics in order to further enrich the legal knowledge of students, the interpretation of the remaining unclear issues, the analysis of collisional problems in the form of disputes with students, the formation of discussions between students in small groups has a positive effect on the development of legal education. Writing students their own feedback on the impressions they receive from meetings organized with employees of law enforcement agencies encourages them to work independently.

#### REFERENCES

1. O‘zbekiston Respublikasining Konstitutsiyasi. – T.: O‘zbekiston, 2022. – B. 6.
2. O‘zbekiston Respublikasining Konstitutsiyasi. – T.: O‘zbekiston, 2022. – B. 21.
3. O‘zbekiston Respublikasining Konstitutsiyasi. – T.: O‘zbekiston, 2022. – B. 29.
4. <https://uza.uz/posts/231348>
5. Rustamboev M.H., Tuxtasheva U.A. Sud va huquqni muhofaza qiluvchi organlar. Darslik. Tom-1. – T.: Ilm-ziyo, 2011. – B. 8-9.
6. <https://uza.uz/posts/231348>. Toshev O. Manba: Huquqni muhofaza qiluvchi organlarning funktsiya va vazifalarini qayta ko‘rib chiqish lozim... Tahlil.