

### SOLAR SYSTEM FED WITH PMSM DRIVE

# Dr. Y.N.Vijaya Kumar

Professor, Department of EEE, Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology (A), Chittoor, A.P. yn.vijaykumar@gmail.com

# Dr. G.Balasundaram

Associate Professor, Department of EEE, Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology (A), Chittoor, A.P. baluveni.sundaram23@gmail.com

## Dr. S.Senthil

Associate Professor, Department of EEE, Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology (A), Chittoor, A.P. dhaya sen@yahoo.co.in

### Dr. P.Monica

Associate Professor, Department of EEE, Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology (A), Chittoor, A.P., monieee@gmail.com

**Abstract**—In this project, a solar system with permanent magnet Synchronous motor is developed. The solar system is directly connected to the inverter and fed with PMSM drive. The DC-DC Converter is not employed the system in order to control the bulky circuit. The MPPT system is used for tracking the maximum power and given feedback to the controller for controlling the inverter switches. The PMSM speed or voltage is given with a negative feedback and comparing with the Vpv and VL for controlling the better operation of the system. The VSI is employed in the system for controlling the PMSM Drive. The simulation is done on MATLAB Simulink, the parameters are varied on irradiance from 500-1000 W/m2 and 1000 W/m2-500 W/m2 and febricity from 25 oC to 50 oCand from 50 oC to 25 oC .

**Keywords**—Solar panel and PMSM Driver

## INTRODUCTION

Sustainable power age and viable use of accessible intensity assets, have arisen as a commendable for expanding carbon impression, exhausting petroleum products, expanding a worldwide febricity alteration and uncertain meteorological circumstances. Hygienic landscape, quiet activity and plentiful accessibility even at distant areas, consume complete the sun powered intensity best type of RE accessible in the current situation. Diminishing capital expense, negligible upkeep charge and zip operating consumption, have contrived sun rational photovoltaic an amazing possible approach to bridle sunlight-based intensity. As of late, PV aloof care of water extort is clutching augmented extensive consideration. For regions having no openness to the network and great sunlight-based insolation accessibility for the majority of

#### SOLAR SYSTEM FED WITH PMSM DRIVE

stage in year, sun-based water siphoning (WP) is confrontation the water necessity for day-by-day essential exercises. Besides, WP is giving an tremendous elevate to agrarian and mechanical exercises. SPV coordinated water siphons revel in a part of the capacity problems like reduced productivity, multiplied DC join voltage unsteadiness, lazy response and excessive capital expense. A few explores had been finished to relieve a component of those problems, be that because it may, anyways poor writing is on the market to evolve as much as this load of problems. This endeavour is expected to meet the majority of theissues related with SWP. This paintings is anticipated to satisfy the bulk of the complications accompanying with SWP.

Traditional excursion applied for SWP are very wasteful. The development of first-rate long lasting magnet engines, has triggered lower in misfortunes up indeed. Long-lasting magnet simultaneous engine (PMSM) and brushless DC engine (BLDC) are the 2 commonly applied variant of first-rate long lasting magnet machines. PMSM have intrinsic blessings of excessive proficiency, low pressure swells, low clam or, excessive air hollow movement thickness, excessive cap potential to weight proportion, excessive pressure to dormancy proportion, rapid velocity growth and deceleration capacity, excessive pressure aspect and minimum plan. This makes the engine maximum suitable for SWP on electric powered submarine siphon uncovers that the first-rate long lasting magnet engines-primarily based totally ESP gives 20 % faded usage contrasted with IM primarily based totally ESP of analogous valuation.

As the uncluttered circle manipulate of PMSM, is not suggested, PMSM reports the disadvantage of complicated velocity manipulate. Trajectory or discipline organized manipulate and through pressure manipulate are aimed at the maximum element applied techniques for velocity manipulate of PMSM. DFC is much less complicated while contrasted with vector extended computational weight or extended device parts. V/f stands likewise unity of the seldom applied system for velocity manipulate of PMSM because it has a downside of drowsy retort besides demands for balancing out circles for fast activity.

The DC machine enjoys a benefit of decoupled symmetrical transition and force parts. The transition and force remain meticulous, individually via governing turf current (If) also armature current (Ia). The orientation unswerving pivot current is meticulous as per obligatory motion, though the orientation judicature hub current is meticulous as per the necessary force. An adjusted vector control method is utilized here, through using an additional control circle for example force control circle also a SPV influence feed-progressing term. The joining of force resistor circle decreases the weight on the rapidity regulator besides further develops the force reaction though the presentation of speeds up the general reaction of the framework. For the extraction of ideal force from cluster, greatest force point following strategies are utilized.

## II. LIETRATURE REVIEW

R. Kumar and B. Singh, proposes fractionalviolencetorrentauthority of a network intelligent star oriented

photovoltaic (PV)- distanceload of water evokescheme. A brushless DC (BLDC) engine drive without stage ebb and flow sensors is utilized to rush a water siphon. This framework empowers a customer to work the water siphon at its full limit with respect to 24 hours paying little mind to the meteorological condition and to catchload of a sultrylegservice organization

when water drain isn't vital. The full usage of a PV cluster and generatorfunnel is built convincing notwithstanding an upgraded unwavering quality of the evokescheme. A solitary stage voltage source converter with a unit vector format age procedure achieves a bidirectional force stream authorityamidst the matrix and the dc transport of the heatcause inverter (VSI), which takes care of a BLDC engine. The VSI is worked at central recurrence, whatever limits the exuncertain misfortune. The greatest force mark activity of a PV cluster, and force character upgrades, for example, capabilityaspect adjustment and decrease of all out consonant contortion of framework, are accomplished in this framework. Its relevance and dependability are exhibited by different reenacted results utilizing MATLAB/Simulink stage and equipment execution. Outline: primary target of this venture is to limits the exuncertain misfortune. The greatest force point activity of a PV exhibit, and force quality upgrades, for example, power factor adjustment and decrease of absolute consonant twisting of framework, are accomplished in this framework.

M. N. Ibrahim, H. Rezk, M. Al-Dhaifallah and P. Sergeant. A further developed presentation of a photovoltaic (PV) siphoning framework utilizing a simultaneous hesitance engine further down halfway concealing circumstances is anticipated. The framework organizes exclude the dc-dc apostle where is prevalently actuality used for augmenting the yield force in the PV cluster. Moreover, capacity series are additionally not delimited. A habitual inverter allied straightforwardly to the PV exhibit is utilized to determination the SynRM. Supplementary, a rheostat technique is proposed to determination the inverter thru the goal of the most exciting yield force of the PV cluster is accomplished while the it is busy at the greatest force per Ampère case. Thusly, this outcomes in a further developed framework proficiency and cost. Also, two most extreme force point following strategies are analyzed further down undeviating and incomplete shadow light circumstances. The major MPPT calculation depends on the customary irritation and perception (P&O) strategy and the subsequent one benefit a discrepancy advancement (DE) streamlining procedure. It is tracked down that the DE improvement technique prompts a over PV yield power than utilizing the P&O strategy further down the incomplete gloom case. Subsequently, the siphon stream rate is a lot over. Notwithstanding, further down and via ting light side by side, the PV framework gives the accessible greatest force utilizing both MPPT procedures. The exploratory estimations are acquired to approve the hypothetical work. Synopsis: A further developed presentation of a photovoltaic (PV) siphoning framework utilizing a simultaneous hesitance engine (SynRM) further down incomplete concealing circumstances is proposed.

M. Rezkallah, A. Chandra, M. Tremblay and H. Ibrahim another dynamic force authority with upgraded greatest force point following (MPPT) calculation are executed to work on the exhibitions of a sun oriented photovoltaic framework (SPV) based independent water siphoning station. The APC utilizes corresponding full regulator with ant windup for ac heat guideline externally immersion wonders and with high force character at the reason behind normal pairing. Moreover, the corresponding full regulator plan technique for ideal increases to accomplish elite during change period as far as stage edge and wanted repayingdate is dissected. To accomplish the MPPT with less swaying although at the same time shielding the battery intensity stockpiling framework from overvoltage, an improved force proportion

### SOLAR SYSTEM FED WITH PMSM DRIVE

variable advance based irritation and perception calculation is utilized. The adequacy of the created control procedures are approved through re-enactments and trial results. Outline: another dynamic force control (APC) with upgraded most extreme force point following (MPPT) calculation are executed to work on the exhibitions of a sunlight based photovoltaic framework (SPV) based independent water siphoning station.

S. Murshid and B. Singh This endeavour come up with a solitary leg independent sunlight based photovoltaic (PV) exhibit fueledH2O siphoning framework utilizing an extremely durable magnet coordinated engine (PMSM). The introduced framework incorporates a PV exhibit, a three-stage voltage source inverter (VSI), a PMSM and a siphon. The electrical intensity from the sun-based PV cluster is taken care of to the VSI which goes about as force preparing unit (PPU) and supplies wanted flows to drive the PMSM. As the engine turns, the siphon joined to the engine achieves the goal of water siphoning. The imperative commitment of this work incorporates: (I) advancement of an authentic altered courseauthority, which similarly develops the pressure feedback of the framework, (ii) execution of unmarried degree fluctuating develop length slow broadcast (VSS-INC) method, which offers a brief top electricity factor following and dispenses with the want of mild degree and (iii) presentation of sun-primarily based totally PV fodder ahead phrase, which quickens the comprehensive execution of the framework below particular circumstances Conduct of the proposed framework is acknowledged through re-enactment studies utilizing MATLAB/Simulink. In addition, the framework execution is additionally approved tentatively further down fluctuating natural circumstances utilizing equipment model created in the research facility utilizing the advanced sign processor DS1102. Synopsis: The essential commitment of this work incorporates: : (I) advancement of an authentic altered courseauthority, which similarly develops the pressure feedback of the framework, (ii) execution of unmarried degree variable boost length slow conductance (VSS-INC) method, which offers a brief top electricity factor following and disposes of the want of midway degree.

R. Syed, M. Mohammad, A. Iqbal, M. Tariq, A. I. Maswood, L. Ben-Brahim and R. A. Alammari, presents the plan and execution of sunlight based fuelled V/f controlled singlephase capacitor-turn over enlistment engine. Staggered semi-impedance origin inverter reins the force moving since the photovoltaic (PV) cluster near solitary stage enlistment engine. In sun oriented controlled determination frameworks, the fundamental concern is steady planned activity of determination when exposed to varieties in influence age of the PV cluster. Designed for same natural circumstances, the PV influence abstraction is distinctive at various forces for consistent speed application. Because of this, the extraction of greatest force thru a MPPT calculation isn't accomplished with just engine load. To location this worry, idea of the cluster stockpiling framework is presented in the framework that aides in accomplishing greatest force when the PV influence age capacity surpasses evaluated engine input power. Also, cluster stockpiling framework can supply capacity to the heap as soon as the PV influence age is not exactly the evaluated engine input control. Decisively, the plan of rheostat calculation should resolve controversy of the MPPT calculation, control of battery stockpiling framework, and unchanging activity of V/f-controlled enlistment engine drive activity. MATLAB/Simulink archetypal at the anticipated framework with 4 kW PV exhibit evaluation is created. The

anticipated rheostat calculation accomplishes acceptable activity of single-stage engine energy entirely in three activity approaches (contingent on PV influence age). The variability in the sun-based light and calefaction are all the while painstaking for presenting annoyance in the PV influence age. Equipment significances for this framework are additionally introduced, As approves the adequacy of the rheostat calculation for the proposed framework. Synopsis: the PV influence abstraction is diverse at various forces for unswerving haste submission. Because of process, the abstraction of most extreme force with a MPPT calculation isn't accomplished with just engine bundle. To location this worry, idea of the cluster stockpiling framework is presented in the framework that aides in accomplishing greatest force when the PV power age ability surpasses evaluated engine input power. S. Murshid and B. Singh, This paper proposes the plan and exploratory examination of fluffy recompensated half breed relative indispensable (PI) regulator for a long-lasting magnet coordinated engine (PMSM)- driven independent sun powered water siphoning framework. A traditional PI regulator ordinarily has fixed increases, which makes them very touchy to the boundary varieties. To work on its exhibition, both during dynamic and consistent state circumstances, the introduced regulator presents a fluffy rationale regulator, which measures the speed further down. The speed alongside the prepared yield is inputted to the PI regulator for speed control of PMSM. This geography utilizes a sun based photovoltaic (PV) cluster to change over the sun oriented force into service force. The intensity acquired is used to turn the PMSM utilizing a 3-φ heat-cause inverter. The PMSM is binary to a siphon, which plays out the water siphoning. A halfway leg dc-dc converter is used to augment the force yield utilizing a gradual conductance calculation. A PV forage-leading term is joined to give a sped up exhibition. This geography is demonstrated and its reaction is showed through re-enactment studies utilizing MATLAB/Simulink further down various air circumstances. An equipment approval of it is additionally completed utilizing a computerized signal processor regulator (DSPACE DS-1004) on a created lab model.

Z. Zhang, H. Guo, Y. Liu, Q. Zhang, P. Zhu and R. Iqbal, This paper proposed a further developed sensor less control system for transport electric impetus which bases on I/f control and back electromotive power essential (EMF), stifling the speed variance at the time calculation exuncertain, further developing the motion assessment exactness of inward long-lasting magnet coordinated engines (IPMSMs)

and accomplishing the steady activity of the engine. First and foremost, this [DEPT.EEE] 7 system was embraced for controlling the stator current during the uncertain system to further develop speed variance. Then, at that point, a basic transition assessment technique is introduced by modifying the numerical miniature of IPMSM. To accomplish the outcome which defeats the issue of transition assessment and current estimation mistakes and further developed LPF was created which addressed the stage deferral and DC-offset issue of motion assessment. At long last, the propeller load stage is further down development to check the adequacy of the authority methodology. Test decision show that the framework dependent on this technique works without a hitch and it has improved speed following execution.

J. Hang, M. Xia, S. Ding, Y. Li, L. Sun and Q. Wang, High-obstruction association (HRC) is a typical electrical deficiency for the plug-in apparatus determination framework. This flaw can prompt the expanded force misfortune and warmth, along these lines conceivably

triggering the harm of the rechargeable apparatus determination framework because of the unreasonable febricity. Subsequently, this paper initially proposes a vector control technique of the facial-seated super durable attraction coordinated appliance (PMSM) drive framework with the HRC flaw to limit the rust misfortune. The numerical model of the PMSM with the HRC is introduced in abc fixed edge. The capacity connection between the copper misfortune and the immediate pivot current, quadrature hub current, stator opposition, and the extra obstruction because of the HRC is set up and examined. The outflow of the immediate hub contemporary, which limits the copper misfortune, is found further down the state of the HRC in ace stage and two stages. Thus, the proposed trajectory rheostat methodology for the superficial straddling PMSM propulsive framework is accomplished. Both the recreation and test results show that the proposed technique not just jelly the presentation of the traditional trajectory rheostat strategy, yet additionally can adequately diminish the copper misfortune, hence shielding the PMSM from the harm because of the expanded febricity potentially brought about thru the HRC deficiency

## III. SIMULATION RESULTS

The presentation of this framework is explored through recreation examines. The total framework is mimicked utilizing

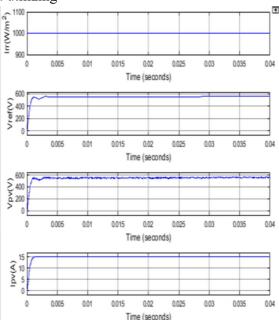


Fig. 1. Trusty insist response of the intrigue for insolation of 1000 W/m<sup>2</sup>

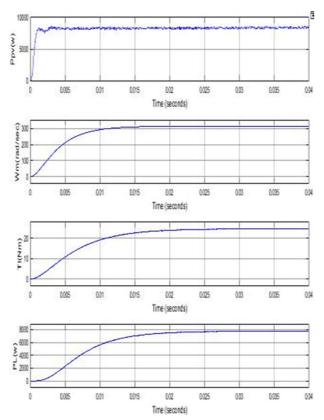


Fig. 2. Trusty insist response of the intrigue for insolation of 1000 W/m2

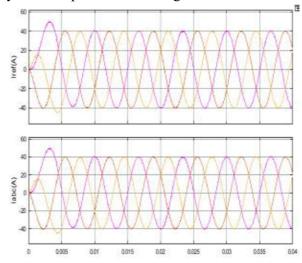


Fig. 3. Trusty insist response of the intrigue for insolation of 1000 W/m2

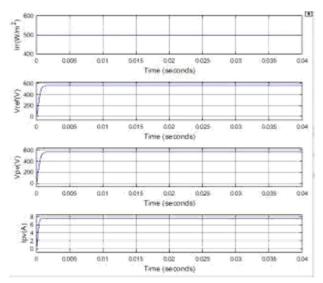


Fig. 4. Trusty insist response of the intrigue for insolation of 500 W/m2

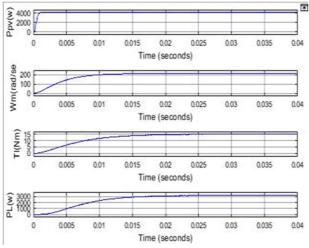


Fig. 5. Trusty insist response of the intrigue for insolation of 500 W/m2

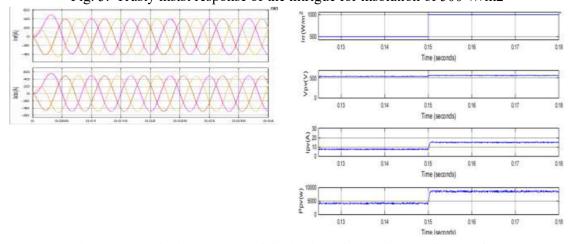


Fig. 6. Trusty insist response of the intrigue for insolation of 500 W/m2

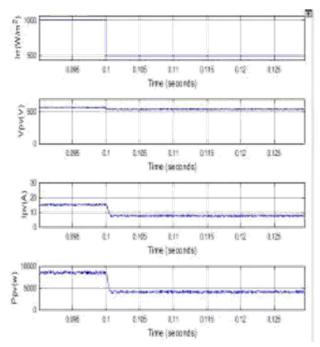


Fig. 7. Overall dynamic performance during the length of insolation change(B) from 1000  $\,$  W/m2 to 500 W/m2

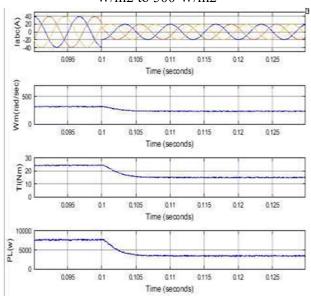


Fig. 8. Overall dynamic performance during the length of insolation change(B) from 1000  $\,$  W/m2 to 500 W/m2

Fig. 9. Overall dynamic performance during the length of insolation change(B) from 500 W/m2

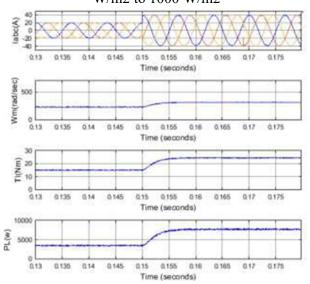


Fig. 10. Overall dynamic performance during the length of insolation change(B) from 500  $\,$  W/m2 to 1000 W/m2

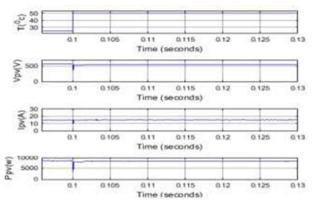


Fig. 11. Influential execution during febricity change(a) from 25 °C to 50°C

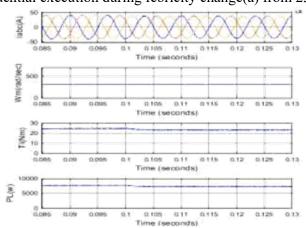


Fig. 12. Influential execution during febricity change(a) from 25 °C to 50°C

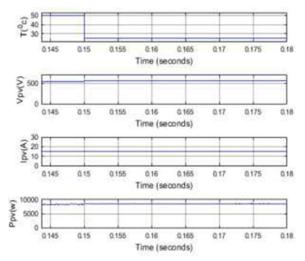


Fig. 13. Influential execution during febricity change(a) from 50 °C to 25 °C

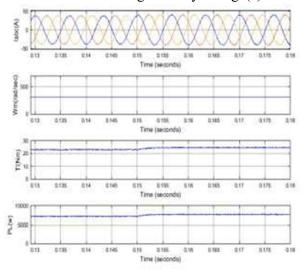


Fig. 14. Influential execution during febricity change(a) from 50 °C to 25°C

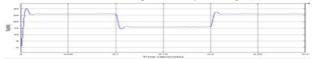


Fig. 15. Retort of organization using different rheostat techniques (c) Torque Retort

# **IV.CONCLUSION**

The solar panel connected with Inverter fed PMSM drive has implemented in MATLAB Simulink. The solar system arrangement is evaluated by not fluctuating the irradiance and febricity for analysing the output .The Solar system is by varying the irradiance from step input of 1000 W/m2 to 500 W/m2 and form 500 W/m2 to 1000 W/m2 and the febricity is varied by using step input of 25 oC to 50 oCin addition form 50 oC to 25 oC for the performance of system with PMSM drive is analyzed by controlling the closed loop control on feedback form Vpv and VL for controlling the switches in the inverter to get the better performance for water pumping system applications.

### REFERENCES

- [1] E. T. Maddalena, C. G. d. S. Moraes, G. Bragança, L. G. Junior, R. B.Godoy and J. O. P. Pinto, "A Battery-Less Photovoltaic Water-Pumping System With Low Decoupling Capacitance," IEEE Trans.Ind. Appl., vol. 55, no. 3, pp. 2263-2271, May-June 2019.
- [2] R. Kumar and B. Singh, "Grid Interactive Solar PV-Based WaterPumping Using BLDC Motor Drive," IEEE Trans. Ind. Appl., vol. 55,no. 5, pp. 5153-5165, Sept.-Oct. 2019.
- [3] A. Upadhyay, "India rooftop solar power tariff drop to record lows,"Livemint, Aug. 29, 2018. [Online]. Available:
- https://www.livemint.com/Industry/cYZ78fnbiNFt1ppRtRm3JP/India-rooft op-solar power-tariff-drop-to-record-lows.html [Accessed Nov.20, 2019].
- [4] M. N. Ibrahim, H. Rezk, M. Al-Dhaifallah and P. Sergeant, "SolarArray Fed Synchronous Reluctance Motor Driven Water Pump: AnImproved Performance Under Partial Shading Conditions," IEEEAccess, vol. 7, pp. 77100-77115, 2019.
- [5] M. Rezkallah, A. Chandra, M. Tremblay and H. Ibrahim,
- "Experimental Implementation of an APC With Enhanced MPPT forStandalone Solar Photovoltaic Based Water Pumping Station," IEEETrans. Sust. Energy, vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 181-191, Jan. 2019.
- [6] S. Murshid and B. Singh, "A Novel Control Scheme for Solar PV FedPMSM Driven Energy Efficient Water Pumping System," in Proc. 8thIEEE India Int. Conf. on Pow. Elect. (IICPE), Jaipur, India, pp. 1-6,2018.
- [7] R. Syed, M. Mohammad, A. Iqbal, M. Tariq, A. I. Maswood, L. Ben-Brahim and R. A. Alammari, "Design and Implementation of Cascaded Multilevel qZSI Powered
- [8] Single Phase Induction Motor for Isolated Grid Water PumpApplication," IEEE Trans. Ind. Appl. [Early Access] DOI:10.1109/TIA.2019.2959734
- [9] J. Meyer and S. V. Solms, "Solar Powered Water Security: AnEnabler for Rural Development in Limpopo South Africa," IEEEAccess, vol. 6, pp. 20694-20703, 2018. [DEPT.EEE] 62
- [10] T. D. Short and M. A. Mueller, "Solar powered water pumps:problems, pitfalls and potential," in Proc. Int. Conf. Pow. Elect., Machines and Drives, (Conf. Publ. No. 487), pp. 280-285, 2002.
- [11] S. Murshid and B. Singh, "Implementation of PMSM Drive for aSolar Water Pumping System," IEEE Trans. Ind. Appl., vol. 55, no.5, pp. 4956-4964, Sept.-Oct. 2019.
- [12] R. Antonello, M. Carraro, A. Costabeber, F. Tinazzi and M.Zigliotto, "Energy-Efficient Autonomous Solar Water-PumpingSystem for Permanent-Magnet Synchronous Motors," IEEE Trans.Ind. Elect., vol. 64, no. 1, pp. 43-51, Jan. 2017.
- [13] T. R. Brinner, R. H. McCoy and T. Kopecky, "Induction VersusPermanent-Magnet Motors for Electric Submersible Pump Field and Laboratory Comparisons," IEEE Trans. Ind. Appl., vol. 50, no. 1,pp. 174-181, Jan.-Feb. 2014.
- [14] B. M. Wilamowski, J. D. Irwin, "Power Electronics and MotorDrives," 2nd Ed., Boca Raton, Florida, FL, USA, CRC Press, 2017.
- [15] F. Niu, K. Li and Y. Wang, "Direct Torque Control for Permanent-Magnet Synchronous Machines Based on Duty Ratio Modulation, IEEE Trans. Ind. Elect., vol. 62, no. 10, pp. 6160-6170, Oct. 2015.
- [16] M. H. Vafaie, B. MirzaeianDehkordi, P. Moallem and A.Kiyoumarsi, "Minimizing

Torque and Flux Ripples and ImprovingDynamic Response of PMSM Using a Voltage Vector With OptimalParameters," IEEE Trans. Ind. Elect., vol. 63, no. 6, pp. 3876-3888,June 2016.